Mississippi State Board of Funeral Service





MISSISSIPPI CODE 1972
State Board of Funeral Service (§§ 73-11-33 — 73-11-73)

34 35	State Board of Funeral Service (§§ 73-11-33 — 73-11-73)
36 37	§ 73-11-33. Repeal of Sections 73-11-41 through 73-11-73.
38 39	§ 73-11-41. Definitions [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
40 41	§ 73-11-43. State board of funeral service; membership [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
42 43	§ 73-11-45. Oath of office [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
44 45	§ 73-11-47. Meetings; quorum; removal for nonattendance [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
46 47 48	§ 73-11-49. Officers; expenses; assistants and employees; assistance of counsel; subpoena power; adoption of rules and regulations [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
49 50 51 52 53	§ 73-11-51. Examination of applicants for license; qualifications; fees; reciprocity; renewal of license license not assignable or valid for any person other than licensee; exemption for students enrolled in accredited funeral service technology or mortuary science programs [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
54 55 56	§ 73-11-53. Funeral service or funeral director trainee and apprenticeship program; resident traineeship certificate [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
57 58 59	§ 73-11-55. Licensing of funeral establishment; license classifications; exceptions; requirements; applications and fees [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
60 61	§ 73-11-56. Schedule of fees [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
62 63 64 65 66	§ 73-11-57. Grounds for refusal to issue or renew license; suspension or revocation of license; complaint procedure; temporary suspension of license; sanctions for violations; hearings; attendance of witnesses; production of books and records; subpoenas; appeal from decision of board or judgment or decree of circuit court; monetary penalties [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
67 68 69	§ 73-11-57.1. Authority to revoke, refuse to renew, suspend or place on probation license of funeral home establishment or director under certain circumstances [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
70 71 72	§ 73-11-57.2. License required to be funeral service, funeral director or certified crematory operator violations.
73 74 75 76 77	§ 73-11-58. Execution of Self-Directed Disposition Authorization document; procedure for disposition of decedent's body where no written authorization was left by decedent; persons adjudicated responsible for decedent's death precluded from deciding disposition of remains. [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
78 79	§ 73-11-59. Penalties [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
80 81 82	§ 73-11-61. Price list and statement of goods and services must be provided before services rendered [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

§ 73-11-63. Application of provisions to cemeteries or cemetery chapels; chapter does not interfere with religious ceremonies or customs [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. § 73-11-65. Funeral service interments must be under supervision of Mississippi licensed funeral director or funeral service licensee [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. § 73-11-67. Retail sellers of caskets required to register annually with board; procedure for disciplinary proceedings [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. § 73-11-69. Licensing and regulation of crematory facilities [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. § 73-11-71. Intermingling of cremated remains prohibited; written acknowledgment from person entitled to control disposition of remains; content of acknowledgment [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. § 73-11-73. Removal of body from place of death, embalming body, or cremating body without permission of next of kin prohibited; picking up or removing body on first call; written record of oral consent for embalming or cremation required [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

§ 73-11-33. Repeal of Sections 73-11-41 through 73-11-73.

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Sections 73-11-41 through 73-11-73, which create the State Board of Funeral Service and prescribe its duties and powers, shall stand repealed on July 1, 2025.

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History

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- 128 Laws, 1979, ch. 301, § 25; Laws, 1979, ch. 357, § 11; Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 15; Laws, 1991, ch.
- 463, § 1; Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 1; Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 1; Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 1; Laws,
- 2002, ch. 497, § 1; Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 1; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 11; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 1;
- 131 Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 1, eff from and after July 1, 2017; Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 21, eff from and
- **132** after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-41. Definitions [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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The following terms shall have the meanings ascribed herein unless the context shall otherwise require:

- (a) "Alternative container" is an unfinished wood box or other nonmetal receptacle or enclosure, without ornamentation or a fixed interior lining, which is designed for the encasement of human remains and which is made of fiberboard, pressed wood, composition materials (with or without an outside covering) or like materials.
- **(b)** "Board" means the State Board of Funeral Service of the State of Mississippi as created by Section 73-11-43, or any successor thereof.
- (c) "Branch establishment" means an auxiliary facility or division of a main funeral establishment licensed under this chapter that is within seventy-five (75) miles of the main facility.
- (d) "Casket" is defined as a rigid container that is designed for the encasement of human remains and that is usually constructed of wood, metal, fiberglass, plastic or like material and ornamented and lined with fabric which may or may not be combustible.
- (e) "Cremation" means a two-part procedure whereby a dead human body or body parts shall be reduced by direct flame to residue which includes bone fragments and the pulverization of said bone fragments to coarse powdery consistency.
- (f) "Crematory" is defined as any person, partnership or corporation that performs cremation. A crematory must comply with any applicable public health laws and rules and must contain the equipment and meet all of the standards established by the rules and regulations adopted by the board.
- (g) "Certified crematory operator" means an individual who has completed the certification program as approved by the board.
- (h) "Crematory operator" means the legal entity that operates a crematory and performs cremations.

- (i) "Direct cremation" means a disposition of human remains by cremation without formal viewing, visitation or ceremony with the body present.
 - (j) "Embalming" means the disinfection of the dead human body by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and disinfecting chemicals.
 - (k) "First call" means the beginning of the relationship between the consumer and the licensed funeral director, funeral service practitioner and/or funeral establishment to take charge of a dead human body and/or have the body prepared for burial or disposition by embalming, cremation or another method.
 - (1) "Funeral establishment" means a fixed place or premise duly licensed by the board that is devoted to or used in the immediate post-death activities of custody, shelter, care, preparation and/or embalming for final disposition of the body; or used for religious services or other rites or ceremonies associated with the final disposition of the human dead; or maintained or held out to the public by advertising or otherwise as such, for the convenience and comfort of the bereaved and the community for viewing or other services in connection with the human dead, and as the office or place for carrying on the profession of funeral service and/or funeral directing.
 - (m) "Licensee" means a person or entity who holds a license issued by the board.
 - (n) "License for funeral establishment" means a license issued to a place or premise devoted to or used in the immediate post-death activities of transportation, custody, shelter, care, preparation and/or embalming for final disposition of the body; or used for religious services or other rites or ceremonies associated with the final disposition of human dead; or maintained for the convenience and comfort of the bereaved and the community for viewing or other services in connection with the human dead, and as the office or place for carrying on the profession of funeral service and/or funeral directing.
 - (o) "License for the practice of funeral directing" means the license given to a person engaging in the "practice of funeral service" who is not engaged in the practice of embalming.
 - (p) "License for the practice of funeral service" means the license given to a person engaging in the "practice of funeral service," including the practice of embalming.
 - (q) "Practice of funeral service" means:

- (i) Providing shelter, care and custody of the human dead;
- (ii) Conducting immediate post-death activities;
- (iii) Preparing of the human dead by embalming or other methods for burial or other disposition;
- (iv) Being responsible for the transportation of the human dead, bereaved relatives and friends;
- (v) Making arrangements, financial or otherwise, for the providing of such services;
- (vi) The sale of funeral merchandise; or
- (vii) The practice or performance of any function of funeral directing and/or embalming as presently known, including those stipulated herein.
- This definition shall not include persons or corporations engaging only in the preneed sale of funeral merchandise or service.

- (r) "Mortuary service establishment" means a place of business where dead human bodies are embalmed or otherwise prepared or held for burial, including the transportation of the bodies.
- (s) "Resident trainee" means a person who is preparing to become licensed for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing and who is serving under the supervision and instruction of a person duly licensed for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing in this state.
- (t) "Retort" means an enclosed space within which the cremation process takes place.
- (u) "Trade embalmer" means an embalmer who does embalming for a licensed funeral establishment.

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Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 1; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 2; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 4; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 2; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 2; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 2; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 2; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 1; Laws, 2009, ch. 346, § 1; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 2; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 2, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 1, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-43. State board of funeral service; membership [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

There is created the State Board of Funeral Service which shall consist of seven (7) members, one (1) funeral service licensee and one (1) funeral director licensee to be appointed from each Mississippi Supreme Court district. Three (3) members shall have been licensed for the practice of funeral service under this chapter for five (5) consecutive years and/or have had at least five (5) consecutive years' experience as a funeral director and embalmer in this state immediately preceding his appointment. Three (3) members shall have been licensed for the practice of funeral directing under this chapter for five (5) consecutive years and/or have had at least five (5) consecutive years' experience as a funeral director immediately preceding his appointment. One (1) member shall be a public member and be appointed from the public at large. The members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. All appointments shall be for terms of four (4) years from the expiration date of the previous term. Upon the expiration of his term of office, a board member may continue to serve until his successor has been appointed and confirmed. No board member shall serve more than two (2) consecutive full terms. Vacancies in office shall be filled by appointment by the Governor in the same manner as the appointment to the position which becomes vacant, subject to the

- 248 advice and consent of the Senate at the next regular session of the Legislature.
- 249 Appointments for vacancies in office, except those from the public at large, may be made
- 250 from a joint list of four (4) qualified persons, two (2) each submitted by the Mississippi
- 251 Funeral Directors Association and the Mississippi Funeral Directors and Morticians
- 252 Association. Nothing in this chapter or any other statute shall preclude the members of the
- 253 State Embalming Board from serving as members of the State Board of Funeral Service.

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History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 2; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 3; Laws, 1991, ch. 591, § 3; Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 2; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 3; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 3; reenacted without change, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 3; reenacted without change, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 3; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 3; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 3, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 2, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-45. Oath of office [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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The members of the board, before entering upon their duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed for other state officers, which oath shall be administered by properly qualified authority and shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State.

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Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 3; reenacted, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 4; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 5; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 4; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 4; reenacted without change, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 4; reenacted without change, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 4; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 4; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 4, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 3, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-47. Meetings; quorum; removal for nonattendance [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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The board shall hold not less than two (2) meetings annually for the purpose of conducting the business of the board and for examining applications for licenses. Four (4) or more members shall comprise a quorum. Any member who shall not attend two (2) consecutive meetings of the board shall be subject to removal by the Governor. The chairman of the board shall notify the Governor in writing when any such member has failed to attend two (2) consecutive regular meetings.

History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 4; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 5; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 6; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 5; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 5; reenacted without change, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 5; reenacted without change, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 5; reenacted without change, Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 2; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 5; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 5, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 4, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-49. Officers; expenses; assistants and employees; assistance of counsel; subpoena power; adoption of rules and regulations [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

- (1) The board is authorized to select from its own membership a chairman, vice chairman and secretary-treasurer. Election of officers shall be held at the first regularly scheduled meeting of the fiscal year.
- (2) All members of the board shall be reimbursed for their necessary traveling expenses and mileage incident to their attendance upon the business of the board, as provided in Section 25-3-41, and shall receive a per diem as provided in Section 25-3-69 for every day actually spent upon the business of the board, not to exceed twenty (20) days per year unless authorized by a majority vote of the board.
 - (3) All monies received by the board shall be paid into a special fund in the State Treasury to the credit of the board and shall be used by the board for paying the traveling and necessary expenses and per diem of the members of the board while on board business, and for paying other expenses necessary for the operation of the board in carrying out and involving the provisions of this chapter.
 - (4) The board shall employ an administrator of the board, who shall have complete supervision and be held responsible for the direction of the office of the board, shall have supervision over field inspections and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter, shall have such other duties as may be assigned by the board, shall be responsible and answerable to the board. The board may employ such other clerical assistants and employees as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, and the terms and conditions of such employment shall be determined by the board in accordance with applicable state law and rules and regulations of the State Personnel Board.
 - (5) Except as otherwise authorized in Section 7-5-39, the board, when it shall deem necessary, shall be represented by an assistant attorney general duly appointed by the Attorney General of this state, and may also request and receive the assistance of other state agencies and county and district attorneys, all of whom are authorized to provide the assistance requested.

- 332 (6) The board shall have subpoen power in enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
- 333 (7) The board shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations consistent with law
- concerning, but not limited to, trainees, apprentices and preceptors, practitioners of funeral
- service, funeral directors, embalmers and funeral establishments and branches. These rules
- and regulations shall not become effective unless promulgated and adopted in accordance
- with the provisions of the Mississippi Administrative Procedures Law (Section 25-43-1.101 et
- 338 seq.).
- 339 (8) The board may designate the administrator to perform inspections under this chapter,
- may employ an individual to perform such inspections or may contract with any other
- individual or entity to perform such inspections. Any individual or entity that performs such
- inspections shall have the right of entry into any place in which the business or practice of
- 343 funeral service and/or funeral directing is carried on or advertised as being carried on, for
- the purpose of inspection, for the investigation of complaints coming before the board and
- 345 for such other matters as the board may direct.
- (9) The board shall not adopt any rule or regulation requiring dead bodies to be embalmed
- except as required by rule or otherwise by the State Department of Health.

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Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 5; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 6; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 7; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 6; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 6; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 6; reenacted without change, Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 3; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 6; Laws, 2012, ch. 546, § 32; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 6, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 5, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-51. Examination of applicants for license; qualifications; fees; reciprocity; renewal of license; license not assignable or valid for any person other than licensee; exemption for students enrolled in accredited funeral service technology or mortuary science programs [Repealed effective

366 **July 1, 2025**].

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- (1) No person shall engage in the business or practice of funeral service, including embalming, and/or funeral directing or hold himself out as transacting or practicing or being entitled to transact or practice funeral service, including embalming, and/or funeral directing in this state unless duly licensed under the provisions of this chapter.
- (2) The board is authorized and empowered to examine applicants for licenses for the practice of funeral service and funeral directing and shall issue the proper license to those

- 374 persons who successfully pass the applicable examination and otherwise comply with the
- 375 provisions of this chapter.
- 376 (3) To be licensed for the practice of funeral directing under this chapter, a person must
- 377 furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that he or she:
- 378 (a) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- 379 **(b)** Has a high school diploma or the equivalent thereof;
- 380 (c) Has served as a resident trainee for not less than twelve (12) months under the
- 381 supervision of a person licensed for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing in this
- 382 state;
- 383 (d) Has successfully passed a written and/or oral examination as prepared or approved by
- 384 the board; and
- 385 (e) Is of good moral character.
- 386 (4) To be licensed for the practice of funeral service under this chapter, a person must
- furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that he or she:
- 388 (a) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- 389 (b) Has a high school diploma or the equivalent thereof;
- 390 (c) Has successfully completed twelve (12) months or more of academic and professional
- instruction from an institution accredited by the United States Department of Education for
- 392 funeral service education and have a certificate of completion from an institution accredited
- 393 by the American Board of Funeral Service Education or any other successor recognized by
- the United States Department of Education for funeral service education;
- 395 (d) Has served as a resident trainee for not less than twelve (12) months, either before or
- 396 after graduation from an accredited institution mentioned above, under the supervision of a
- person licensed for the practice of funeral service in this state and in an establishment
- 398 licensed in this state;
- 399 (e) Has successfully passed the National Conference of Funeral Examiners examination
- and/or such other examination as approved by the board; and
- 401 (f) Is of good moral character.
- 402 (5) All applications for examination and license for the practice of funeral service or funeral
- directing shall be upon forms furnished by the board and shall be accompanied by an
- 404 examination fee, a licensing fee and a nonrefundable application fee in amounts fixed by the
- board in accordance with Section 73-11-56. The fee for an initial license, however, may be
- 406 prorated in proportion to the period of time from the date of issuance to the date of biennial
- 407 license renewal prescribed in subsection (8) of this section. All applications for examination
- shall be filed with the board office at least sixty (60) days before the date of examination. A
- 409 candidate shall be deemed to have abandoned the application for examination if he does not
- appear on the scheduled date of examination unless such failure to appear has been
- 411 approved by the board.
- 412 (6) The practice of funeral service or funeral directing must be engaged in at a licensed
- 413 funeral establishment, at least one (1) of which is listed as the licensee's place of business;

414 and no person, partnership, corporation, association or other organization shall open or 415 maintain a funeral establishment at which to engage in or conduct or hold himself or itself 416 out as engaging in the practice of funeral service or funeral directing until such 417 establishment has complied with the licensing requirements of this chapter. A license for the 418 practice of funeral service or funeral directing shall be used only at licensed funeral 419 establishments; however, this provision shall not prevent a person licensed for the practice 420 of funeral service or funeral directing from conducting a funeral service at a church, a 421 residence, public hall, lodge room or cemetery chapel, if such person maintains a fixed 422 licensed funeral establishment of his own or is in the employ of or an agent of a licensed 423 funeral establishment.

(7) Any person holding a valid, unrevoked and unexpired nonreciprocal license in another state or territory having requirements greater than or equal to those of this state as determined by the board may apply for a license to practice in this state by filing with the board a certified statement from the secretary of the licensing board of the state or territory in which the applicant holds his license certifying to his qualifications and good standing with that board. He/she must also successfully pass a written and/or oral examination on the Mississippi Funeral Service licensing law and rules and regulations as prepared or approved by the board, and must pay a nonrefundable application fee set by the board. If the board finds that the applicant has fulfilled aforesaid requirements and has fulfilled substantially similar requirements of those required for a Mississippi licensee, the board shall grant such license upon receipt of a fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee set by the board for a license for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing, as the case may be, in this state. The board may issue a temporary funeral service or funeral directing work permit before a license is granted, before the next regular meeting of the board, if the applicant for a reciprocal license has complied with all requirements, rules and regulations of the board. The temporary permit will expire at the next regular meeting of the board. The issuance of a license or temporary permit by reciprocity to a military-trained applicant, military spouse or person who establishes residence in this state shall be subject to the provisions of Section 73-50-1 or 73-50-2, as applicable.

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- (a) Except as provided in Section 33-1-39, any person holding a license for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing may have the same renewed for a period of two (2) years by making and filing with the board an application on or before the due date. Payment of the renewal fee shall be in an amount set by the board in accordance with Section 73-11-56. The board shall mail the notice of renewal and the due date for the payment of the renewal fee to the last-known address of each licensee at least thirty (30) days before that date. It is the responsibility of the licensee to notify the board in writing of any change of address. An application will be considered late if the application and proper fees are not in the board's office or postmarked by the due date. Failure of a license holder to receive the notice of renewal shall not exempt or excuse a license holder from the requirement of renewing the license on or before the license expiration date.
- (b) If the renewal fee is not paid on or postmarked by the due date, the license of such person shall by operation of law automatically expire and become void without further action of the board. The board may reinstate such license if application for licensure is made within a period of five (5) years, upon payment of the renewal fee for the current year, all renewal fees in arrears, and a reinstatement fee. After a period of five (5) years, the

- licensee must make application, pay the current renewal fee, all fees in arrears, and pass a written and/or oral examination as prepared or approved by the board.
- 462 (9) No license shall be assignable or valid for any person other than the original licensee.
- 463 (10) The board may, in its discretion, if there is a major disaster or emergency where
 464 human death is likely to occur, temporarily authorize the practice of funeral directing and
 465 funeral service by persons licensed to practice in another state but not licensed to practice
 466 in this state. Only persons licensed in this state, however, may sign death certificates.
 - (11) Any funeral service technology or mortuary science program accredited by the American Board of Funeral Service Education in the State of Mississippi, as well as students enrolled in such a program, shall be exempt from licensing under this chapter when embalming or otherwise preparing a deceased human body for disposition as part of a student practicum experience, when the student is directly supervised by an instructor or preceptor who holds a current funeral service license. This exemption shall apply to practicum experiences performed at an accredited institution of funeral service technology or mortuary science program or at a duly licensed funeral establishment or commercial mortuary service. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow any funeral service technology or mortuary science program, or those students enrolled in such a program, to engage in practicum experiences for remuneration.
 - (12) Each application or filing made under this section shall include the social security number(s) of the applicant in accordance with Section 93-11-64.

History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 6; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 7; Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 3; Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 7; Laws, 1997, ch. 588, § 39; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1999, ch. 350, § 1; Laws, 2000, ch. 356, § 1; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 7; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 7; Laws, 2007, ch. 309, § 11; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 4; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 7; Laws, 2013, ch. 350, § 13; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 7, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 6, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2021, ch. 398, § 11, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 1, eff from and after July 1, 2023.

§ 73-11-53. Funeral service or funeral director trainee and apprenticeship program; resident traineeship certificate [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

(1) The State Board of Funeral Service is authorized to establish a trainee and apprenticeship program whereby persons desiring to apprentice as a funeral service or funeral director trainee may be issued a resident traineeship certificate to practice funeral

- directing or funeral service under the direct on-premises supervision of a sponsoring Mississippi licensed funeral director or funeral service practitioner.
- 504 (2) A person desiring to become a resident trainee for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing shall make application to the board. Such application shall be verified by
- the licensee under whom the applicant is serving, and shall be accompanied by a
- 507 nonrefundable application fee in an amount set by the board in accordance with Section 73-
- 508 11-56. When the board is satisfied as to the qualifications of an applicant, it shall issue a
- 509 certificate of resident traineeship.
- 510 (3) The board shall have the power to suspend or revoke a certificate of a resident traineeship for violation of any provision of this chapter.
- 512 (4) A resident trainee must serve the apprenticeship in a funeral establishment that is
- 513 licensed by the State of Mississippi and the preceptor must be a Mississippi licensed funeral
- service practitioner or funeral director who is employed by a Mississippi licensed funeral
- establishment and actively practicing within the State of Mississippi. The funeral service
- trainee and apprenticeship program shall be completed within no less than twelve (12)
- months or more than eighteen (18) months under the direct supervision of a funeral
- 518 director or funeral service licensee of the board. The funeral director trainee and
- apprenticeship program shall be completed within no less than twelve (12) months or more
- than eighteen (18) months under the direct supervision of a funeral director or funeral
- 521 service licensee of the board.
- 522 (5) A resident trainee may serve under the supervision of more than one (1) preceptor
- 523 under conditions established by board rules and regulations. The board may also adopt rules
- 524 that will allow training at more than one (1) funeral establishment under special
- 525 circumstances.
- 526 (6) A resident traineeship certificate shall be valid for one (1) year. The board may renew a
- resident traineeship certificate if the trainee applies for renewal on a form provided by the
- board, shows that the training activity continues to satisfy applicable requirements and pays
- a renewal fee as set by the board. The fee and application will be considered late if the fee
- and application are not in the office or show a postmark of December 31. Applications
- received late may be reinstated by the payment of a renewal fee, a reinstatement fee and
- other applicable fees. Failure to receive a renewal notice does not exempt a resident trainee
- from the required renewal of his/her traineeship.
- 534 (7) A resident trainee shall not advertise or hold himself out as a funeral director, funeral
- service practitioner, embalmer or use any other title or abbreviation indicating that the
- trainee is a funeral director, funeral service practitioner or embalmer. A resident trainee does
- not have the rights and duties of a funeral director or funeral service licensee and is only
- authorized to act under the direct supervision of the approved preceptor.

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History

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Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 7; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 8; reenacted, Laws, 1993,

- ch. 499, § 8; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 8; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, §
 8; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 8; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 8; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 5; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 8; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 8, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 7, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 2, eff from and after July 1, 2023.
 - § 73-11-55. Licensing of funeral establishment; license classifications; exceptions; requirements; applications and fees [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].
- (1) No person or party shall conduct, maintain, manage or operate a funeral establishment or branch thereof unless a license for each such establishment has been issued by the board and is conspicuously displayed in such funeral establishment. In case of funeral services held in any private residence, church, cemetery, cemetery chapel, cemetery facility, or lodge hall, no license shall be required.
- 560 (2) There shall be four (4) funeral establishment license classifications:
- 561 (a) Full-service funeral establishment;
- 562 **(b)** Branch establishment;
- 563 (c) Mortuary service establishment; and
- 564 (d) Crematory establishment.
- 565 (3) To be licensed as a funeral establishment, a place or premise must be at a fixed and specified address or location and must be used for immediate post-death activities, whether 566 567 used for the custody, shelter, care, preparation and/or embalming of the human dead. Every funeral establishment shall be under the charge and personal supervision of a Mississippi 568 569 funeral director licensee or a Mississippi funeral service licensee. The licensee in charge and the licensee with personal supervisory responsibilities need not be the same licensee. Each 570 571 licensed funeral establishment shall be inspected at least once during each licensing period. Such inspections may be unannounced. After inspection of a funeral establishment, if the 572 573 board cites the funeral establishment for failure to comply with any provision of this chapter 574 or a rule or regulation of the board, the funeral establishment shall resolve the violation to 575 the satisfaction of the board and be in full compliance with this chapter and board rules and 576 regulations not later than thirty (30) days after the board files the inspection report.
- 577 (4)

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- (a) A funeral establishment where embalming is conducted must contain an embalming 578 579 room with a sanitary floor, walls and ceiling, adequate sanitary drainage and disposal 580 facilities, including running water and exhaust fans. A full-service funeral establishment 581 must also have an adequate casket and/or vault selection room, holding facilities and proper 582 room or rooms in which rites and ceremonies may be held. A funeral establishment shall be 583 subject to an inspection at least once during a two-year license period. Each new 584 establishment must be inspected before the opening. All portions of each facility licensed 585 under this section shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.
- 586 **(b)**

- 587 (i) A branch establishment must contain an office and/or an arrangement room, and a room
- for viewing and/or a chapel or proper place for ceremonies. A branch establishment need
- not meet all requirements specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection and need not be
- 590 under the personal supervision of a Mississippi funeral director licensee or a Mississippi
- 591 funeral service licensee.
- 592 (ii) If the branch meets all requirements of a funeral establishment as specified in paragraph
- 593 (a) of this subsection, such establishment must be under the charge and personal
- supervision of a Mississippi funeral director licensee or a Mississippi funeral service licensee.
- 595 (c) A commercial mortuary service is a funeral establishment that embalms and transports
- 596 for licensed funeral establishments and does not sell any services or merchandise directly or
- 597 at retail to the public. A mortuary service establishment shall not arrange or conduct a
- 598 funeral or direct burial. A mortuary service establishment may arrange for and transport
- 599 dead human bodies for direct cremation purposes only under the following circumstances:
- 600 (i) On behalf of a full-service funeral establishment;
- 601 (ii) On behalf of a branch funeral establishment; or
- 602 (iii) At the direction of a public administrator, medical examiner, coroner or any other public
- official charged with arranging the final disposition of dead human bodies.
- 604 (d) A crematory establishment shall have the authority to cremate dead human bodies and
- to transport dead human bodies to and from the establishment and shall meet the
- requirements of Section 73-11-69. An establishment licensed only as a crematory
- 607 establishment is prohibited from the care and preparation of dead human bodies other than
- by cremating and shall also be prohibited from embalming, making funeral arrangements or
- cremation arrangements with any person or party that is not licensed by the board,
- 610 conducting visitations and funeral ceremonies, and furnishing any funeral service in
- connection with the disposition of dead human bodies or selling funeral merchandise.
- 612 (5) Applications for funeral establishment licenses, branch establishment licenses or
- 613 commercial mortuary service licenses shall be made on blanks furnished by the board and
- shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount fixed by the board under Section 73-11-56. All
- establishment licenses shall be issued for a period of two (2) years, except initial licenses
- may be prorated from the date of issuance to the next renewal date.
- Renewal funeral establishment and branch establishment license applications and license
- fees shall be due and payable to the board on or before the expiration date of the license.
- The board shall mail the notice of renewal and the due date for payment of the renewal fee
- at least thirty (30) days before that date. Failure of the license holder to receive the notice
- of renewal shall not exempt or excuse the holder from the requirement of renewing the
- 622 license on or before the license expiration date.
- 623 (6) If the renewal fee is not paid on or postmarked by the due date, the license shall by
- operation of law automatically expire and become void without further action of the board.
- 625 All establishments whose licenses have expired under this section may be reinstated by
- 626 filing with the board an application for reinstatement, submitting to an inspection during
- which time the licensee in charge of such establishment shall be interviewed by the board or
- 628 its designee and by paying all renewal fees, a reinstatement fee, and other applicable fees.

- 629 (7) No license shall be assignable or transferable or valid for any establishment other than 630 the original licensee. License fees and application fees are nonrefundable.
- 631 (8) A license for each new establishment shall not be issued until an inspection has been made, license and inspection fees have been paid, and the licensee in charge and/or owners of such establishment has been interviewed by the board or its designee.
 - (9) The board is authorized to establish rules and regulations for the issuance of a special funeral establishment work permit.

History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 8; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 9; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 9; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 9; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 9; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 9; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 9; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 6; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 9; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 9, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 8, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-56. Schedule of fees [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

On or before October 1 of each year, the board shall determine the amount of funds that will be required during the next ensuing two (2) years to properly administer the laws which the board is directed to enforce and administer and by rule and regulation shall fix fees in such reasonable sums as may be necessary for such purposes within the following limitations:

Funeral establishment:

653	Application fee, for a new or change of ownership establishment\$ 50	00.00
654	Inspection fee\$	75.00
655	Renewal application and licensee fee\$ 30	00.00
656	Commercial mortuary service license fee for a new or change of ownership\$ 5	00.00
657	Renewal application and licensee fee\$ 30	00.00
658	Crematory application fee for a new or change of ownership\$ 50	00.00
659	Renewal application and license fee\$ 30	00.00
660	Special work permit\$ 15	0.00
661	Funeral service:	
662	Initial application fee\$ 5	0.00
663	Reciprocal application fee\$ 20	0.00
664	Renewal license and application fee\$ 12	25.00
665	Work permit\$	50.00

666 **Funeral director:** Initial application fee.....\$ 50.00 667 Reciprocal application fee.....\$ 200.00 668 Renewal license and application fee.....\$ 100.00 669 670 671 **Certified crematory operator:** Initial application fee.....\$ 100.00 672 Renewal license and application fee.....\$ 100.00 673 674 **Resident trainee certificate:** 675 Funeral service application fee.....\$ 50.00 Funeral director application fee......\$ 50.00 676 Funeral service renewal application fee......\$ 50.00 677 Funeral director renewal application fee......\$ 50.00 678 679 Other fees: Certification fee.....\$ 50.00 680 681 Duplicate license fee......\$ 25.00 Reinstatement of lapsed license fee, equal to the amount of the applicable license fee (or 682 the amount of the application fee for the resident trainees). 683 684 Late fee equal to the amount of the applicable license fee (or the amount of the application fee for the resident trainees). 685 Public records of the board per page.....\$ 1.00 686 All licenses will have a reinstatement and late fee added to the renewal fee if the payment is 687 not in the board's office or postmarked by the due date. 688 689 At least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration date of any license issued by the board, the board shall notify the licensee of the applicable renewal fee therefor. 690 691 692

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Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 10; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 10; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 10; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 10; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 10; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 10; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 7; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 10; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 10, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 9, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-57. Grounds for refusal to issue or renew license; suspension or revocation of license; complaint procedure; temporary suspension of license; sanctions for violations; hearings; attendance of witnesses; production of books and records; subpoenas; appeal from decision of board or judgment or decree of circuit court; monetary penalties [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

- (1) The board, upon satisfactory proof at proper hearing and in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the regulations of the board, may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew any license under this chapter, reprimand or place the holder of a license on a term of probation, and/or take any other action in relation to a license as the board may deem proper under the circumstances upon any of the following grounds:
- 716 (a) The employment of fraud or deception in applying for a license or in passing the examination provided for in this chapter;
- **(b)** The erroneous issuance of a license to any person;
- 719 (c) The conviction of a felony by any court in this state or any federal court or by the court
 720 of any other state or territory of the United States; having been convicted of or pled guilty
 721 to a felony in the courts of this state or any other state, territory or country which would
 722 prevent a person from holding elected office. Conviction, as used in this paragraph, shall
 723 include a deferred conviction, deferred prosecution, deferred sentence, finding or verdict of
 724 guilt, an admission of guilty, or a plea of nolo contendere;
- **(d)** The practice of embalming under a false name or without a license for the practice of funeral service;
- 727 (e) The impersonation of another funeral service or funeral directing licensee;
- **(f)** The permitting of a person other than a funeral service or funeral directing licensee to make arrangements for a funeral and/or form of disposition;
- 730 (g) Violation of any provision of this chapter or any rule or regulation of the board;
- (h) Having had a license for the practice of funeral service or funeral directing suspended or revoked in any jurisdiction, having voluntarily surrendered his license in any jurisdiction, having been placed on probation in any jurisdiction, having been placed under disciplinary order(s) or other restriction in any manner for funeral directing and/or funeral service, or operating a funeral establishment (a certified copy of the order of suspension, revocation, probation or disciplinary action shall be prima facie evidence of such action);
- (i) Solicitation of dead human bodies by the licensee, his agents, assistants or employees, whether such solicitation occurs after death or when death is imminent; if the person solicited has made known a desire not to receive the communication, or if the solicitation involves coercion, duress or harassment, or if the solicitation takes place at the residence of the client or prospective client and is uninvited by the client or prospective client and has

- not been previously agreed to by the client or prospective client; however, this shall not be
- 743 deemed to prohibit general advertising;
- 744 (j) Employment directly or indirectly of any apprentice, agent, assistant, employee, or other
- person, on a part-time or full-time basis or on commission, for the purpose of calling upon
- 746 individuals or institutions by whose influence dead human bodies may be turned over to a
- 747 particular funeral establishment;
- 748 (k) Failure to give full cooperation to the board and/or its designees, agents or other
- 749 representatives in the performance of official duties of the board. Such failure to cooperate
- 750 includes, but is not limited to:
- 751 (i) Not furnishing any relevant papers or documents requested by or for the board;
- 752 (ii) Not furnishing, in writing, an adequate explanation covering the matter contained in a
- 753 complaint filed with the board;
- 754 (iii) Not responding without cause to subpoenas issued by the board, whether or not the
- 755 licensee is the party charged in any preceding before the board;
- 756 (iv) Not reasonably providing access, as directed by the board for its authorized agents or
- 757 representatives seeking to perform reviews or inspections at facilities or places utilized by
- 758 the license holder in the practice of funeral service or funeral directing and/or in performing
- any other activity regulated by the board under this chapter;
- 760 (v) Failure to provide information within the specified time allotted and as required by the
- 761 board and/or its representatives or designees;
- 762 (vi) Failure to cooperate with the board or its designees or representatives in the
- 763 investigation of any alleged misconduct or interfering with a board investigation by willful
- 764 misrepresentation of facts;
- 765 (vii) Deceiving or attempting to deceive the board regarding any matter under investigation,
- 766 including altering or destroying any records; and
- 767 (viii) Failure, without good cause, to cooperate with any request by the board to appear
- 768 before it;
- 769 (I) Knowingly performing any act that in any way assists an unlicensed person to practice
- 770 funeral service or funeral directing;
- 771 (m) Knowingly making a false statement on death certificates;
- 772 (n) Conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude;
- 773 (o) Violating any statute, ordinance, rule or regulation of the state or any of its boards,
- agencies or political subdivisions affecting the registration of deaths or the handling,
- custody, care or transportation of dead human bodies; or
- 776 (p) Unprofessional conduct in the practice of funeral service or funeral directing which
- includes, but is not limited to:
- 778 (i) Retaining a dead human body for the payment of a fee for the performance of services
- 779 that are not authorized;

- 780 (ii) Knowingly performing any act which in any way assists an unlicensed person to practice funeral service or funeral directing;
- 782 (iii) Being guilty of any dishonorable conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;
- 783 (iv) Any act or omission in the practice of funeral service or directing which constitutes
- dishonesty, fraud or misrepresentation with the intent to benefit the licensee, another
- 785 person or funeral establishment, or with the intent to substantially injure another person,
- 786 licensee or funeral establishment; or
- 787 (v) Any act or conduct, whether the same or of a different character than specified above,
- 788 which constitutes or demonstrates bad faith, incompetency or untrustworthiness; or
- dishonest, fraudulent or improper dealing; or any other violation of the provisions of this
- 790 chapter, the rules and regulations established by the board or any rule or regulation
- 791 promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission relative to the practice of funeral service or
- 792 funeral directing.
- 793 (2) Any person, including a member of the board, may initiate a complaint against a
- 794 licensee of the board by filing with the board a written complaint on a form prescribed by
- 795 the board.
- 796 (a) Upon receipt of a properly verified complaint, the board shall send a copy of the
- 797 complaint to the affected licensee by certified mail to the address of such licensee appearing
- 798 of record with the board. The licensee shall answer the complaint in writing within twenty
- 799 (20) days after receipt of the complaint. The licensee shall mail a copy of his, her or its
- response to the board and the complainant. Upon receipt of the licensee's response or lapse
- of twenty (20) days, the board is authorized to investigate a complaint that appears to show
- the existence of any of the causes or grounds for disciplinary action as provided in Section
- 73-11-57. Upon finding reasonable cause to believe that the charges are not frivolous,
- unfounded or filed in bad faith, the board may, in its discretion, cause a hearing to be held,
- at a time and place fixed by the board, regarding the charges that a violation of this chapter
- has occurred. The board shall order a hearing for the licensee to appear and show cause
- why he/she should not be disciplined for a violation of this chapter.
- 808 (b) The board shall give the complainant and the affected licensee twenty (20) days' notice
- of any hearing upon a complaint. Such notice shall be by United States certified mail.
- 810 (c) Any party appearing before the board may be accompanied by counsel.
- 811 (d) Before commencing a hearing, the chairman or designee of the board shall determine if
- all parties are present and ready to proceed. If the complainant fails to attend a hearing
- 813 without good cause shown, the complaint shall be dismissed summarily and all fees and
- expenses of convening the hearing shall be assessed to, and paid by, the complainant. If
- any affected licensee fails to appear for a hearing without good cause shown, such licensee
- shall be presumed to have waived his right to appear before the board and be heard.
- 817 (e) Upon the chair's determination that all parties are ready to proceed, the chair or
- designee shall call the hearing to order and the complainant and the licensee may give
- opening statements. The board may order the sequestration of nonparty witnesses.
- 820 (f) The complainant shall then present his, her or its complaint. The licensee, any counsel
- and any member or designee of the board may ask questions of witnesses.

- 822 (g) The licensee shall then present his, her or its case in rebuttal. The complainant, any
- 823 counsel and any member or designee of the board may ask questions of witnesses.
- 824 (h) At the completion of the evidence, all parties may give closing statements.
- 825 (i) At the conclusion of the hearing, the board may either decide the issue at that time or
- take the case under advisement for further deliberation. The board shall render its decision
- 827 not more than ninety (90) days after the close of the hearing and shall forward the decision
- 828 to the last-known business or residence address of the parties.
- 829 (3) The board, on its own motion, may file a formal complaint against a licensee.
- 830 (4) The board may temporarily suspend a license under this chapter without any hearing,
- 831 simultaneously with the institution of proceedings under this section, if it finds that the
- 832 evidence in support of the board's determination is clear, competent and unequivocal and
- that the licensee's continuation in practice would constitute an imminent danger to public
- health and safety.
- 835 (5) The board may, upon satisfactory proof that the applicant or licensee has been guilty of
- any of the offenses above enumerated, take the action authorized by this section against an
- 837 applicant or licensee of the board upon a majority vote of the board members, after a
- hearing thereon. The board is vested with full power and authority to hold and conduct such
- 839 hearings, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records and
- 840 documents, issue subpoenas therefor, administer oaths, examine witnesses, and do all
- things necessary to properly conduct such hearings. The board may waive the necessity of a
- hearing if the person accused of a violation admits that he has been guilty of such offense.
- 843 Any person who has been refused a license or whose license has been revoked or
- suspended may, within thirty (30) days after the decision of the board, file with the board a
- written notice stating that he feels himself aggrieved by such decision and may appeal
- therefrom to the circuit court of the county and judicial district of residence of the person, or
- if the person is a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, to the Circuit Court of the First
- 848 Judicial District of Hinds County. The circuit court shall determine the action of the board
- was in accord or consistent with law, or was arbitrary, unwarranted or an abuse of
- discretion. The appeal shall be perfected upon filing notice of the appeal with the circuit
- court and by the prepayment of all costs, including the cost of the preparation of the record
- 852 of the proceedings by the board. An appeal from the circuit court judgment or decree may
- 853 be reviewed by the Supreme Court as is provided by law for other appeals. An appeal of a
- decision or order of the board does not act as a supersedeas.
- 855 (6) In addition to any other power that it has, the board may, upon finding that an applicant
- or licensee has committed any of the violations listed in Section 73-11-57(1), impose a
- monetary penalty as follows:
- 858 (a) For the first violation of any of the subparagraphs of subsection (1) of this section, a
- monetary penalty of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).
- 860 (b) For the second violation of any of the subparagraphs of subsection (1) of this section, a
- monetary penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- 862 (c) For the third and any subsequent violation of any of the subparagraphs of subsection (1)
- of this section, a monetary penalty of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).

- (d) For any violation of any of the subparagraphs of subsection (1) of this section, those
 reasonable costs that are expended by the board in the investigation and conduct of a
 proceeding for licensure revocation or suspension, including, but not limited to, the cost of
 process service, court reporters, expert witnesses and investigators.
- (7) The power and authority of the board to assess and levy such monetary penalties
 hereunder shall not be affected or diminished by any other proceeding, civil or criminal,
 concerning the same violation or violations except as provided in this section.
- 871 (8) A licensee shall have the right of appeal from the assessment and levy of a monetary 872 penalty as provided in this section under the same conditions as a right of appeal is 873 provided elsewhere for appeals from an adverse ruling, order or decision of the board.
- 874 **(9)** Any monetary penalty assessed and levied under this section shall not take effect until after the time for appeal shall have expired.
- 876 (10) A monetary penalty assessed and levied under this section shall be paid to the board by 877 the licensee upon the expiration of the period allowed for appeal of such penalties under this 878 section or may be paid sooner if the licensee elects.
- With the exception of subsection (5)(d) of this section, monetary penalties collected by the board under this section shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the State Board of Funeral Service. Any monies collected by the board under subsection (5)(d) of this section shall be deposited into the special fund operating account of the board.
- 883 (11) When payment of a monetary penalty assessed and levied by the board against a
 884 licensee in accordance with this section is not paid by the licensee when due under this
 885 section, the board shall have power to institute and maintain proceedings in its name for
 886 enforcement of payment in the chancery court of the county and judicial district of residence
 887 of the licensee, or if the licensee is a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, in the Chancery
 888 Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi.
- 889 (12) In any administrative or judicial proceeding in which the board prevails, the board shall have the right to recover reasonable attorney fees.
- 891 (13) In addition to the reasons specified in subsection (1) of this section, the board shall be authorized to suspend the license of any licensee for being out of compliance with an order 892 893 for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The procedure for suspension of a license for 894 being out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or 895 reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the 896 reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by 897 Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. Actions taken by the board in suspending a license when required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 are not actions 898 899 from which an appeal may be taken under this section. Any appeal of a license suspension 900 that is required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 shall be taken in accordance with the 901 appeal procedure specified in Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, rather 902 than the procedure specified in this section. If there is any conflict between any provision of 903 Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the provisions of Section 904 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 9; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 11; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 11; Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 11; Laws, 1996, ch. 507, § 37; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 11; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 11; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 11; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 8; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 11; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 11, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 10, eff from and after July 1, 2021; brought forward without change, Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 3, eff from and after July 1, 2023.

§ 73-11-57.1. Authority to revoke, refuse to renew, suspend or place on probation license of funeral home establishment or director under certain circumstances [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

- The State Board of Funeral Service may revoke, refuse to renew, suspend or place on probation the license of a funeral home establishment or funeral director, or both, if the funeral home or funeral director accepts funds for a preneed funeral contract or other prepayment of funeral expenses without a registration to sell preneed funeral contracts; or is registered to sell preneed funeral contracts and fails to deposit the funds in trust or to timely remit premium payments from consumers to the insurer as provided in Section 75-63-59 and Section 75-63-61, respectively.
- The State Board of Funeral Service shall make written notification to the Secretary of State of all license suspensions and revocations issued by the board as well as written notification for all new licenses issued by the board. The Secretary of State shall make written notification to the board of all registration suspensions, revocations, orders of cease and desist, and administrative penalties imposed by the Secretary of State under Article 3, Chapter 11, Title 73, Mississippi Code of 1972.

History

Laws, 2009, ch. 549, § 16; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 12; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 12, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 11, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-57.2. License required to be funeral service, funeral director or certified crematory operator; violations.

- 948 (1) No person or entity shall engage in any activity for which a license is required under this chapter, without holding such licensure in good standing.
- 950 (2) A person may not be, act as, or advertise or hold himself or herself out to be a funeral service, a funeral director, or a certified crematory operator unless he or she is currently licensed by the board.

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- (3) When the board has reasonable cause to believe that any person or entity not licensed under this chapter has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, the board may issue an administrative complaint to such person or entity, alleging violation of this chapter and providing notice therein of intent by the board to order such person to cease and desist from the alleged violation of this chapter, to take corrective action, including payment of restitution to persons adversely affected by the violation, to pay the board's reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution, or to impose a fine of up to Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) upon such person for each violation of this chapter alleged in the administrative complaint.
- When issuing an administrative complaint to such person or entity, the board shall order a hearing for the subject individual or entity to appear and show cause why he/she should not be disciplined for a violation of this chapter. Any party appearing before the board may be accompanied by counsel. The board is vested with full power and authority to hold and conduct such hearings, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records and documents, issue subpoenas therefor, administer oaths, examine witnesses, and do all things necessary to properly conduct such hearings.
- 969 (4) Where the board determines that an emergency exists regarding any violation of this chapter by any unlicensed person or entity, the board may issue and serve an emergency order upon such unlicensed person or entity. Such an emergency order may impose such prohibitions and requirements as are reasonably necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare. Such emergency order shall be effective on the date of service on the unlicensed person or entity.
- 975 (a) For the purpose of enforcing such an emergency order, the board may file in circuit court for an injunction or other order seeking enforcement of the emergency order. The court shall 976 977 issue its injunction or other order enforcing the emergency order pending administrative 978 resolution of the matter under subsection (3) of this section, unless the court determines 979 that such action would work a manifest injustice under the circumstances. Venue for judicial 980 actions under this section shall be, at the election of the board, in the Circuit Court of 981 Rankin County or in a circuit court of a county where the respondent resides or has a place 982 of business.
- (b) After serving an emergency order on any person or entity, the board shall within ten (10) days issue and serve upon the same person or entity an administrative complaint as set forth in subsection (3) of this section, except that, absent order of a court to the contrary, the emergency order will be effective throughout the pendency of proceedings under subsection (3) of this section.
- 988 (5) For the purpose of this section, the violation of this chapter by a person who is not 989 licensed under this chapter or by any person who aids and abets the unlicensed activity 990 shall be presumed to be irreparable harm to the public health, safety, or welfare.

- 991 (6) Any administrative complaint or emergency order under this section may be served in 992 person by a board employee or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the subject's 993 place of residence or business, or by other means authorized by law.
 - (7) An aggrieved party shall have the right of appeal from the assessment and levy of a monetary penalty as provided in this section under the same conditions as a right of appeal is provided elsewhere for appeals from an adverse ruling, order or decision of the board.

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Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 4, eff from and after July 1, 2023.

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§ 73-11-58. Execution of Self-Directed Disposition Authorization document; procedure for disposition of decedent's body where no written authorization was left by decedent; persons adjudicated responsible for decedent's death precluded from deciding disposition of remains. [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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- (1) Residents of the state shall have the right to direct their own disposition without interference from others, regardless of their relationship. This right of self-authorization can be executed through the use of the Self-Directed Disposition Authorization document. This document shall supersede the wishes and rights commonly executed by the next of kin. If a decedent has left no written authorization for the cremation and/or disposition of the decedent's body as permitted by law, any of the following persons, in the order of priority listed below, may authorize any lawful manner of disposition of the decedent's body by
- 1019 completion of a written instrument:
- 1020 (a) The person designated by the decedent as authorized to direct disposition pursuant to 1021 Public Law No. 109-163, Section 564, as listed on the decedent's United States Department 1022 of Defense Record of Emergency Data, DD Form 93, or its successor form, if the decedent 1023 died during military service, as provided in 10 USC Section 1481(a)(1) through (8), in any 1024 branch of the United States Armed Forces, United States Reserve Forces or National Guard.
- 1025 **(b)** The surviving spouse.
- 1026 (c) A surviving child who is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
- 1027 (d) A grandchild who is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
- 1028 (e) Either surviving parent.
- 1029 (f) A surviving sibling who is at least eighteen (18) years of age.

- 1030 (g) A person acting as a representative of the decedent under a signed authorization of the decedent.
- 1032 **(h)** The guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death, if a quardian has been appointed.
- 1034 (i) A person in the class of the next degree of kinship, in descending order, who, under state
- law, would inherit the decedent's estate if the decedent died intestate and who is at least
- 1036 eighteen (18) years of age.
- 1037 (j) A person who has exhibited special care and concern for the decedent and is willing and able to make decisions about the cremation and disposition.
- 1039 **(k)** In the case of individuals who have donated their bodies to science or whose death occurred in a nursing home or private institution and in which the institution is charged with
- 1041 making arrangements for the final disposition of the decedent, a representative of the
- institution may serve as the authorizing agent in the absence of any of the above.
- 1043 (I) In the absence of any of the above, any person willing to assume responsibility for the cremation and disposition of the decedent.
- 1045 (m) In the case of indigents or any other individuals whose final disposition is the 1046 responsibility of the state or any of its instrumentalities, a public administrator, medical
- 1047 examiner, coroner, state-appointed guardian, or any other public official charged with
- arranging the final disposition of the decedent may serve as the authorizing agent.
- 1049 (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to any listed person,
- 1050 regardless of priority, when that person has been finally adjudicated by a court of
- 1051 competent jurisdiction to be at fault for the decedent's death, whether that liability be
- criminal or civil. Such persons shall be barred and precluded from deciding the disposition of
- the decedent's body.
- 1054 (a) Upon motion by the state or any person listed in subsection (1) of this section in the
- 1055 chancery court of the county of the decedent's residence, the chancellor shall designate the
- next available person listed in subsection (1) of this section and such person may then
- 1057 authorize any lawful manner of disposition of the decedent's body by completion of a written
- 1058 instrument.
- 1059 (b) If a criminal prosecution arising from the decedent's death is actively ongoing at the
- 1060 time of the disposition of the decedent's remains, the chancellor may request a bond be
- filed with the court in the sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) by the moving party
- 1062 before granting the motion.
- 1063 (3) No funeral establishment shall accept a dead human body from any public officer or
- 1064 employee or from the official of any institution, hospital or nursing home, or from a
- 1065 physician or any person having a professional relationship with a decedent, without having
- 1066 first made due inquiry as to the desires of the persons who have the legal authority to direct
- the disposition of the decedent's body. If any persons are found, their authority and
- 1068 directions shall govern the disposal of the remains of the decedent. Any funeral
- 1069 establishment receiving the remains in violation of this subsection shall make no charge for
- any service in connection with the remains before delivery of the remains as stipulated by
- the persons having legal authority to direct the disposition of the body. This section shall not
- 1072 prevent any funeral establishment from charging and being reimbursed for services

rendered in connection with the removal of the remains of any deceased person in case of accidental or violent death and rendering necessary professional services required until the persons having legal authority to direct the disposition of the body have been notified.

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- 1076 (4) A person who does not exercise his or her right to dispose of the decedent's body under 1077 subsection (1) of this section within five (5) days from the date of the death shall be 1078 deemed to have waived his or her right to authorize disposition of the decedent's body or 1079 contest disposition in accordance with this section. If, during the aforesaid time period, the 1080 funeral director, funeral service practitioner and/or funeral establishment has been provided 1081 contrary written consent from members of the same class with the highest priority as to the 1082 disposition of the decedent's body, the licensed funeral director or service practitioner or 1083 funeral establishment shall act in accordance with the directive of the greatest number of 1084 consents received from members of the class. If that number is equal, the funeral director 1085 or funeral service practitioner and/or the funeral establishment shall act in accordance with 1086 the earlier consent unless the person(s) providing the later consent is granted an order from 1087 a court of competent jurisdiction in which the funeral establishment is located, and such 1088 order will be filed and paid for by the family of the deceased within twenty (20) days from 1089 the date of death.
- 1090 (5) If no consent for the embalming, cremation or other disposition of a dead human body
 1091 from any of the relatives or interested persons or institutions listed above in subsection (1)
 1092 of this section is received within ten (10) days of the decedent's death, the coroner for, or
 1093 other person designated by, the county in which the funeral establishment is located is
 1094 authorized to sign the consent authorizing the disposition of the decedent's remains.
- 1095 (6) If none of the parties listed above in subsection (1) of this section is financially capable
 1096 of providing for the cremation, embalming or disposition of a dead human body, the coroner
 1097 for, or other person designated by, the county in which the funeral establishment is located
 1098 is authorized to sign the consent authorizing the disposition of the decedent's remains.
 - (7) The licensed funeral director, funeral service practitioner or funeral establishment shall have authority to control the disposition of the remains of a decedent and proceed to recover the costs for the disposition when: (a) none of the persons or parties described above in subsection (1)(a) through (I) assume responsibility for the disposition of the remains, and (b) the coroner or other public official designated in subsection (1)(m) fails to assume responsibility for disposition of the remains within seven (7) days after having been given written notice of the facts. Written notice may be made by personal delivery, United States mail, facsimile or transmission. The method of disposition must be in the least costly and most environmentally sound manner that complies with law, and that does not conflict with known wishes of the decedent.
- 1109 (8) A funeral director, funeral service and/or funeral establishment licensee acting in
 1110 accordance with this section, or attempting in good faith to act in accordance with this
 1111 section, shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability for carrying out the
 1112 otherwise lawful instructions of the person or persons described in this section.
- 1113 (9) The liability for the reasonable cost of the final disposition of the remains of the
 1114 decedent devolves upon the individual or entity authorizing the disposition and/or upon the
 1115 estate of the decedent and, in cases when the county board of supervisors has the right to
 1116 control the disposition of the remains under this section, upon the county in which the death
 1117 occurred.

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History 1121

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1124 Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 12; Laws, 2010, ch. 307, § 1; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 13; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 13, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 1125 1126 2021, ch. 311, § 12, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 5, eff from and after July 1127 1, 2023.

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§ 73-11-59. Penalties [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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Any person, partnership, corporation, association or his or her or its agents or 1131 1132 representatives who shall violate any of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of Five 1133 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months in the 1134 1135 county jail, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

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1145 1146 Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 10; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 12; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 12; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 12; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 12; reenacted without change, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 12; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 13; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 14; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 14, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws of 2021, ch. 311, § 13, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-61. Price list and statement of goods and services must be provided before services rendered [Repealed effective] July 1, 2025].

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Every funeral director or funeral service licensee shall provide, before the rendering of services, the funeral establishment's current general price list, casket price list, outer container price list, and a statement of goods and services to the person or persons who authorize the services and is responsible for payment of the expenses therefor, in a manner and format as prescribed by the Federal Trade Commission's Funeral Rule of 1984 and any future changes with regard to required disclosures. The general price list must be made available to any person upon request.

1163 History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 11; reenacted and amended, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 13; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 13; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 13; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 13; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 13; reenacted without change, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 14; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 15; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 15, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 14, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-63. Application of provisions to cemeteries or cemetery chapels; chapter does not interfere with religious ceremonies or customs [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize the regulation or licensing of cemeteries or cemetery chapels by the board, except the regulation or licensing of any funeral establishment operated by a cemetery. In addition, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent or interfere with the ceremonies, customs, religious rites or religion of any people, denomination, or sect, or to prevent or interfere with any religious denomination, sect or anybody composed of persons of a denomination, or to prevent or interfere with any church or synagogue from having its committee or committees prepare human bodies for burial or the families, friends or neighbors of deceased persons who prepare and bury their dead without charge.

History

Laws, 1983, ch. 351, § 12; reenacted, Laws, 1991, ch. 463, § 14; reenacted, Laws, 1993, ch. 499, § 14; reenacted, Laws, 1995, ch. 387, § 14; reenacted without change, Laws, 1999, ch. 377, § 14; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 14; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 15; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 16; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 16, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 15, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

§ 73-11-65. Funeral service interments must be under supervision of Mississippi licensed funeral director or funeral service licensee [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

Every funeral service or interment, or part thereof, that is conducted in Mississippi must be in the actual charge and under the supervision of a funeral director or funeral service licensee who is licensed under this chapter. However, this section shall not prevent a family from burying its own dead without charge.

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Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 15; reenacted without change, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 16; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 17; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 17, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 16, eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-67. Retail sellers of caskets required to register annually with board; procedure for disciplinary proceedings [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

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(1) Every person, establishment or company not licensed under this chapter that sells caskets at retail shall register annually with the board. The names of registrants under this section shall be made available to any person upon request during the regular business hours of the board. The procedure for conducting a disciplinary proceeding against any 1224 casket retailer accused of failing to register with the board, as well as the penal sanctions available to the board, shall be the same as those set forth in Section 73-11-57.

1226 (2) Any person, establishment or company required to register under subsection (1) of this 1227 section that sells preneed contracts for caskets, either directly or indirectly or through an agent, shall be required to meet all of the requirements of Sections 75-63-51 through 75-1228 1229 63-75 that are applicable to preneed contracts for funeral services under those sections. For the purposes of this section, the term "preneed contract for caskets" means any contract, 1230 1231 agreement or any series or combination of contracts or agreements, whether funded by 1232 trust deposits or insurance, or any combination thereof, that is for the purpose of furnishing 1233 or delivering a casket or caskets for the final disposition of a dead human body, to be 1234 furnished or delivered at a time determinable by the death of the person whose body is to

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Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 16; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2005, ch. 542, § 17; Laws, 2010, ch. 407, § 1; reenacted without change, Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 18; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017,

1244 ch. 373, \S 18, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, \S 17, 2145 eff from and after July 1, 2021.

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§ 73-11-69. Licensing and regulation of crematory facilities [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

- 1250 (1) No person or party shall conduct, maintain, manage or operate a crematory unless a 1251 license for each such crematory has been issued by the board and is conspicuously
- 1252 displayed in such crematory.
- 1253 (2) The operator of a crematory facility shall issue a certificate of cremation to the family of
 1254 each person cremated in the facility. In addition, the operator of the crematory facility shall
 1255 maintain a log of all cremations performed in the facility, and this log shall match the
- 1256 certificates of cremation that have been issued by the facility.
- 1257 (3) No operator of a crematory facility shall knowingly represent that an urn or temporary
- 1258 container contains the recovered cremated remains of specific decedent or of body parts
- 1259 removed from a specific decedent when it does not. This subsection does not prohibit the
- making of such a representation because of the presence in the recovered cremated
- remains of de minimis amounts of the cremated remains of another decedent or of body
- 1262 parts.
- 1263 (4) The board shall inspect each licensed crematory facility during each licensure period, and
- at such other times as necessary, to verify that the crematory facility is in compliance with
- the requirements of this section. Any person who operates a crematory facility in this state
- 1266 without a license, or any person who otherwise violates any provision of this section, is
- 1267 quilty of a felony. Upon conviction for a violation of this section, in addition to any penalty
- that may be imposed by the court, the board may revoke the person's crematory facility
- 1269 license.
- 1270 (5) If the retort of a crematory becomes in need of repair, then the operator of the
- 1271 crematory shall notify the board in writing and by telephone within forty-eight (48) hours of
- 1272 discovery of the need to repair, and no cremation shall be made from the time of discovery
- until satisfactory proof is provided to the board that the repair has been made.
- 1274 (6) The board may promulgate such rules and regulations as deemed necessary for the
- 1275 proper licensure and regulation of crematory facilities in this state. Such rules and
- regulations shall include, but not be limited to, the following: crematory facility
- 1277 requirements, identification of deceased human beings, cremation process, processing of
- 1278 remains, commingling of human remains, disposition of cremated remains, removal of
- 1279 human remains and proper documentation requirements as prescribed by state agencies.
- 1280 (7) Any crematory or funeral establishment may dispose of any remains unclaimed by the
- family after twelve (12) months after cremation by scattering or burial.
- 1282 (8) The crematory retort operator must be a certified crematory operator as defined in
- 1283 Section 73-11-41.
- 1284 (9) No crematory facility licensed by the board shall be used for the cremation of deceased
- 1285 animals.

1286 (10) A crematory may be constructed on or adjacent to any cemetery, on or adjacent to any funeral establishment, or at any other location consistent with local zoning regulations.

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Laws, 2002, ch. 497, § 17; Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 9; Laws, 2009, ch. 346, § 2; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 19; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, § 19, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted and amended, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 18, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 6, eff from and after July 1, 2023.

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§ 73-11-71. Intermingling of cremated remains prohibited; written 1300 acknowledgment from person entitled to control disposition of remains; 1301 content of acknowledgment [Repealed effective July 1, 2025]. 1302

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- (1) Upon the completion of each cremation, and insofar as is practicable, all of the recoverable residue of the cremation process shall be removed from the crematory and placed in a separate container so that the residue may not be commingled with the cremated remains of other persons. Cremated remains of a dead human shall not be divided or separated without the prior written consent from the person entitled to control the disposition of the cremated remains.
- (2) Written acknowledgement from the person entitled to control the disposition of the 1310 1311 cremated remains shall be obtained by the person with whom arrangements are made for 1312 disposition of the remains on a form that includes, but is not limited to, the following 1313 information:
 - "The human body burns with the casket, container or other material in the cremation chamber. Some bone fragments are not combustible at the incineration temperature and, as a result, remain in the cremation chamber. During the cremation, the contents of the chamber may be moved to facilitate incineration. The chamber is composed of ceramic or other material which disintegrates slightly during each cremation and the produce of that disintegration is commingled with the cremated remains. Nearly all of the contents of the cremation chamber, consisting of the cremated remains, disintegrated chamber material, and small amounts of residue from previous cremations, are removed together and crushed, pulverized or ground to facilitate inurnment or scattering. Some residue remains in the cracks and uneven places of the chamber. Periodically, the accumulation of this residue is removed and interred or scattered in a dedicated cemetery property or appropriate area."

1325 The acknowledgment shall be filed and retained for at least three (3) years by the person who disposes of or 1326 inters the remains.

History

Laws, 2008, ch. 514, § 10; Laws, 2009, ch. 346, § 3; Laws, 2012, ch. 466, § 20; reenacted without change, Laws, 2017, ch.
 373, § 20, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, § 19, eff from and after July 1, 2021; Laws, 2023, ch. 450, § 7, eff from and after July 1, 2023.

§ 73-11-73. Removal of body from place of death, embalming body, or cremating body without permission of next of kin prohibited; picking up or removing body on first call; written record of oral consent for embalming or cremation required [Repealed effective July 1, 2025].

- (1) A funeral establishment and its employees, licensees and/or representatives shall not respond to a death call unless properly contacted and requested to so respond. No person or entity subject to regulation under this chapter shall remove or cause to be removed any dead human body from the place of death or take or cause to take custody of a dead human body without the permission of the next of kin or authorized representative, in the order of priority specified in Section 73-11-58, of the deceased.
- (2) Dead human bodies may be picked up on first call or removed by a funeral director or funeral service practitioner licensed by the board or under the direction of the licensed funeral director or funeral service practitioner. When a licensed funeral director or funeral service practitioner directs another to make a first call or removal of a dead human body, he accepts, in every manner, full responsibility for all aspects of the first call or removal.
- 1352 (3) A licensed funeral establishment or other licensee of the board shall not embalm or cremate a dead human body without the prior written or oral consent of the next of kin or authorizing agent or representative of the deceased for each body that is placed under its care and custody. In determining who the proper next of kin is or authorizing agent or representative of the deceased, the order of priority is the same as provided in Section 73-11-58.
- **(4)** The licensed funeral establishment or licensee responsible for the embalming or cremation of the dead human body shall create a written record of an oral consent given under this section that includes all of the following:
- 1361 (a) The name of the authorizing agent;
- **(b)** The relation of the authorizing agent to the deceased;
- 1363 (c) The date and time that consent was given;
- 1364 (d) The name of the person who obtained the consent; and
- 1365 (e) Any other information required by the board.

History Laws, 2012, ch. 466, \S 21; brought forward without change, Laws, 2017, ch. 373, \S 21, eff from and after July 1, 2017; reenacted without change, Laws, 2021, ch. 311, \S 20, eff from and after July 1,